

Michael Mirtl, Environment Agency Austria

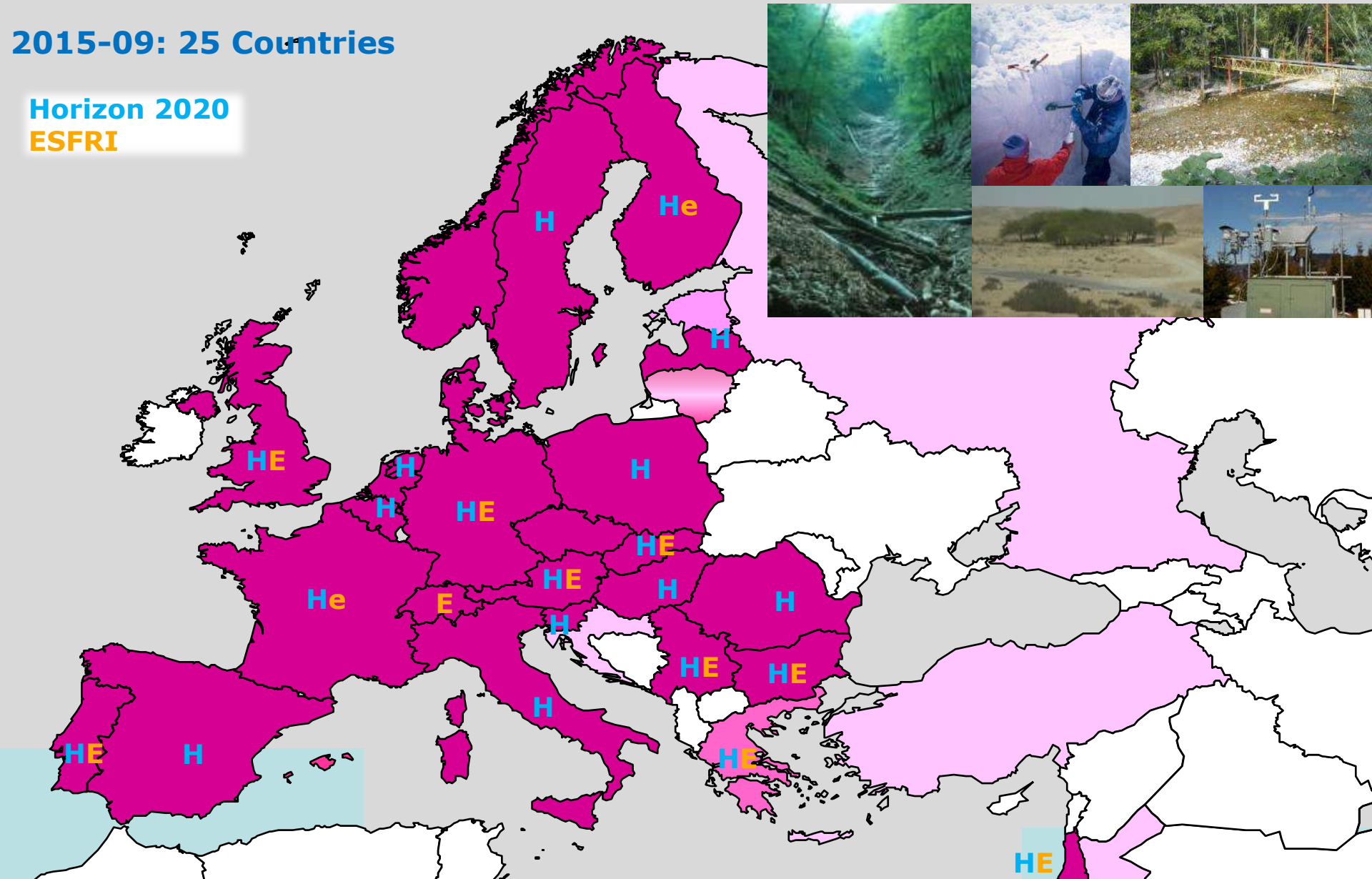


The conceptual pillars of LTER

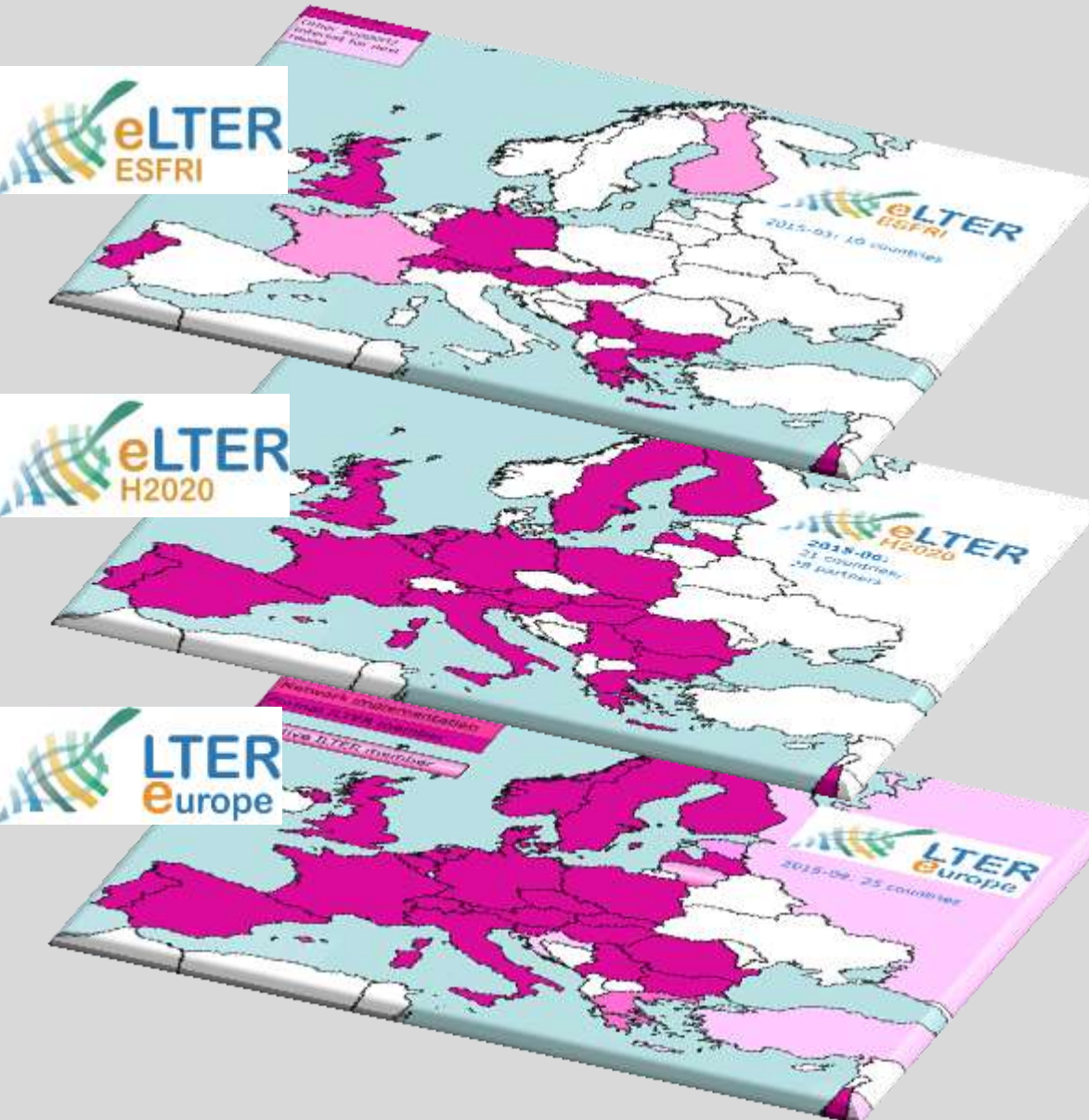
- **Long-term:** dedicated to the long-term AND continuous collection, documentation, provisioning and use of long-term data on ecosystems with a time horizon of decades to centuries (covering the aspect of natural capital for sustainable development)
- **In-situ:** data generation at different spatial scales across ecosystem compartments of individual in-natura sites, European environmental zones and socio-ecological regions
- **Process orientation:** aims at identifying, quantifying and studying the interactions (→ patterns) of ecosystem processes affected by internal and external drivers. As for socio-ecological systems the process orientation implies processes related to ecosystem services and their use.
- **System approach:** interactions of abiotic and biotic components at different scales in a given system
- **Wide-scale ?systematic? coverage** of major terrestrial and aquatic environments

2015-09: 25 Countries

Horizon 2020
ESFRI



Recruiting eLTER ESFRI from well organized national RI networks



eLTER ESFRI initiative

11 initiating countries
45/80/**130** eLTER **Sites** (MS, RS)
5/10/**30** eLTER **Platforms**

eLTER H2020 Project 2015-2019

21 LTER countries,
28 partners
162 data providing sites
[Q 2.4]

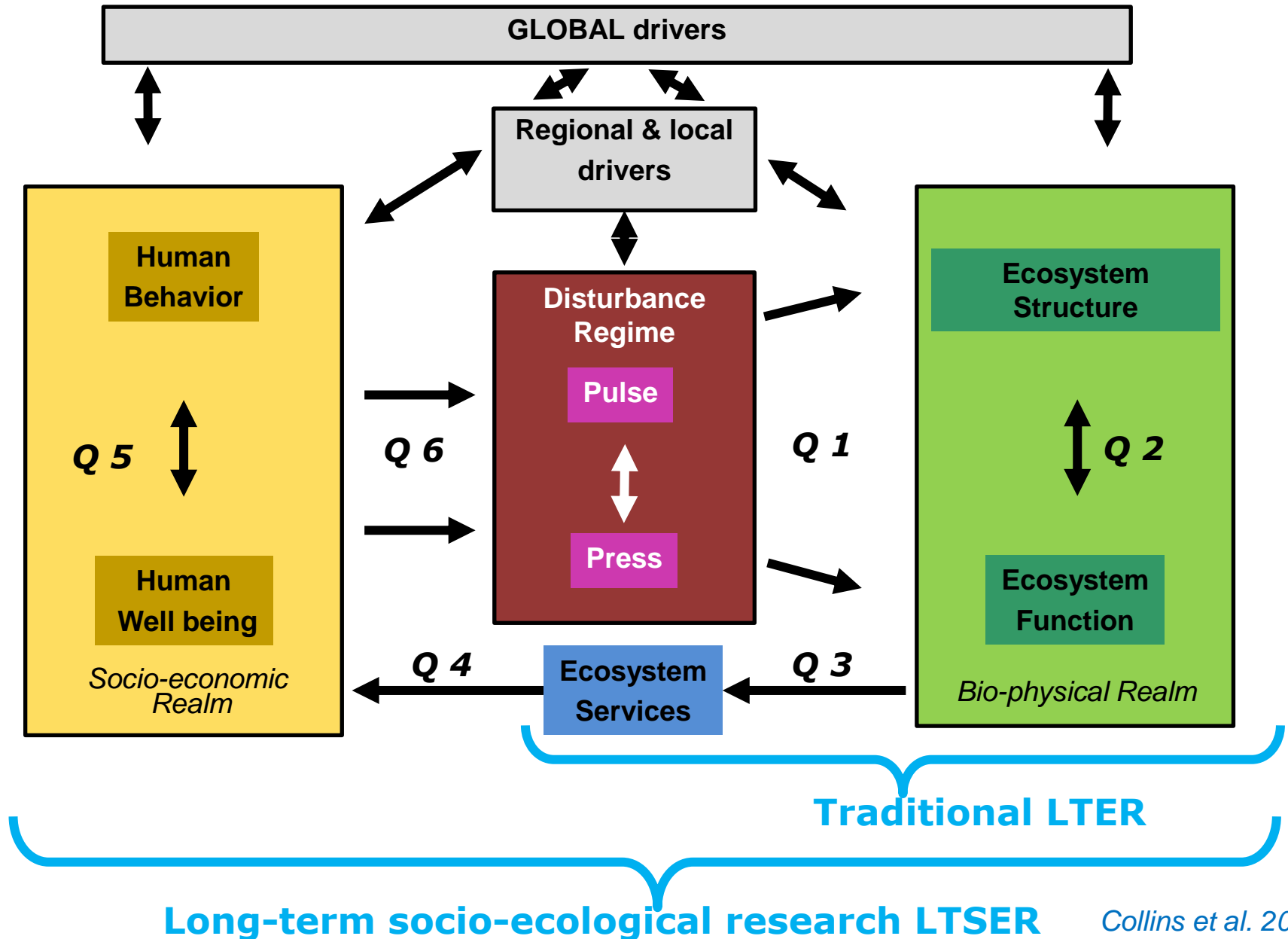
Network of formal national networks

25 countries
400 LTER Sites
35 LTER Platforms
[Q 6.1]

Recruiting

Standards, Formalisation

Conceptual Framework:
Integrated Science for Society and the Environment



A European fleet for terrestrial long-term ecosystem and biodiversity research [\rightarrow „eLTER Eurofleet“]

- Generic research infrastructure offering basic services and baseline activities
- Harmonized action of formerly less coordinated elements, enabling new research qualities
- Central steering PLUS adaptive manouvers of individual elements
- Mid- and long-term planning in close interactions with strategic processes & other RIs



Ships/ Fleet:

- Fuel containers, engines
- Access to open sea points of interest
- Space for instruments/sensors
- Computers & signal transmission for general use
- Space for staff
- Long-term planning and operation
- Can host many specific questions, but there are overarching ones
 - Contributions of open sea to C-balance and interactions with climate
 - Ocean current research
 - Sustainable fishery

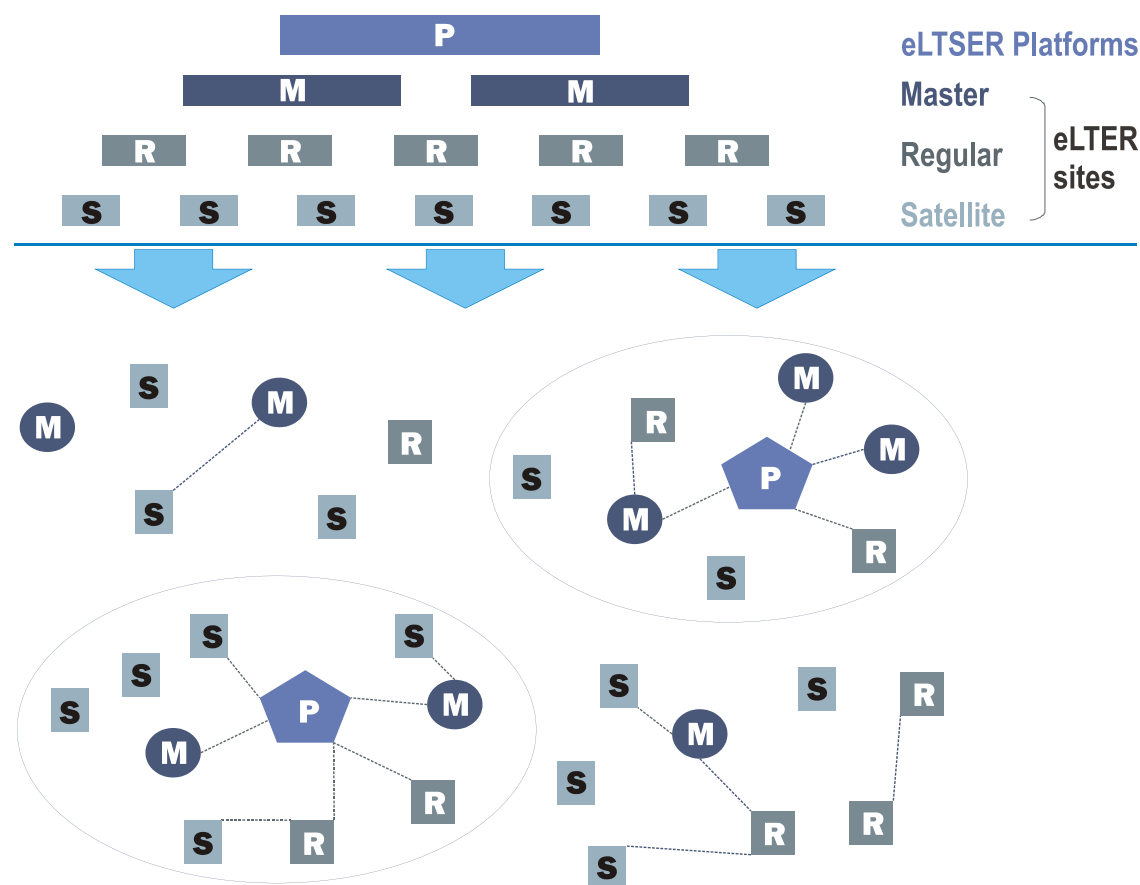
eLTER Sites

- Power supply
- Access all year under all weather conditions

...and other analogies

Cross Cutting Issue 3 (CCI 3): Site categories, Coverage, representativity, iterative growth and envisaged topology

The hierarchy of eLTER facilities



Spatial construction

Assembles elements

- eLTER Platforms,
- eLTER Sites (Satellite, Regular, Master)

according to

- (1) research needs and
- (2) national possibilities.

Related main questions:
Q 1.6: Scientific upgrade plan;
Q 4.2, Q 4.3, Q 5.2:
Implementation phases and costs

Exemplary design of a regular LTER Site

(site type = complex; catchment design scale)



Input



- primary production
- population ecology
- organic matter



Ecosystem Change



Output



- inorganic inputs
- disturbances
- biodiversity (implicitly)

PLUS: main drivers

LTER Master sites (nodes for multiple programs and equipment)

Environmental monitoring schemes



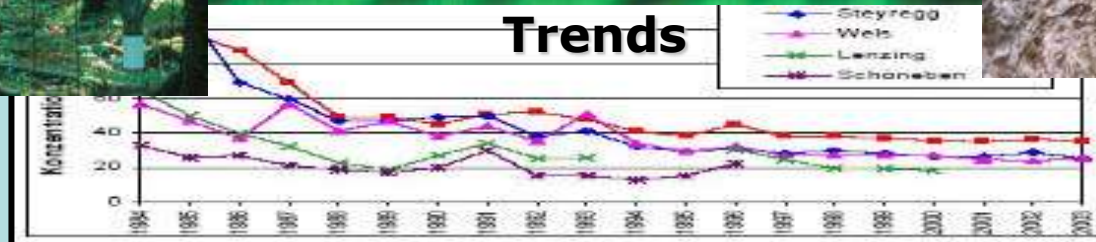
Input

Ecosystem Change
e.g. BioDiv, CZ research

Output



Trends

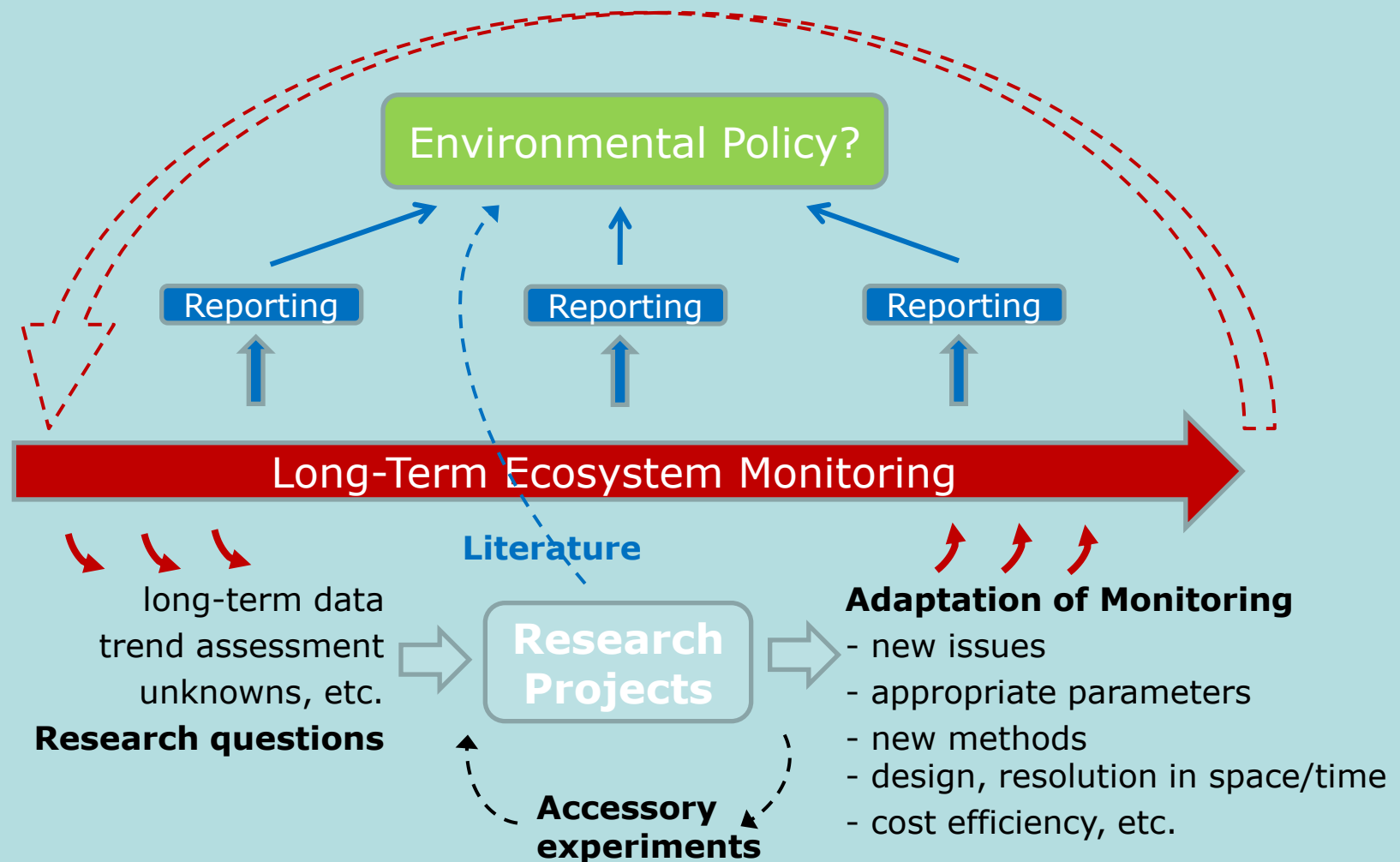


Experiments
e.g. AnaEE,
INCREASE

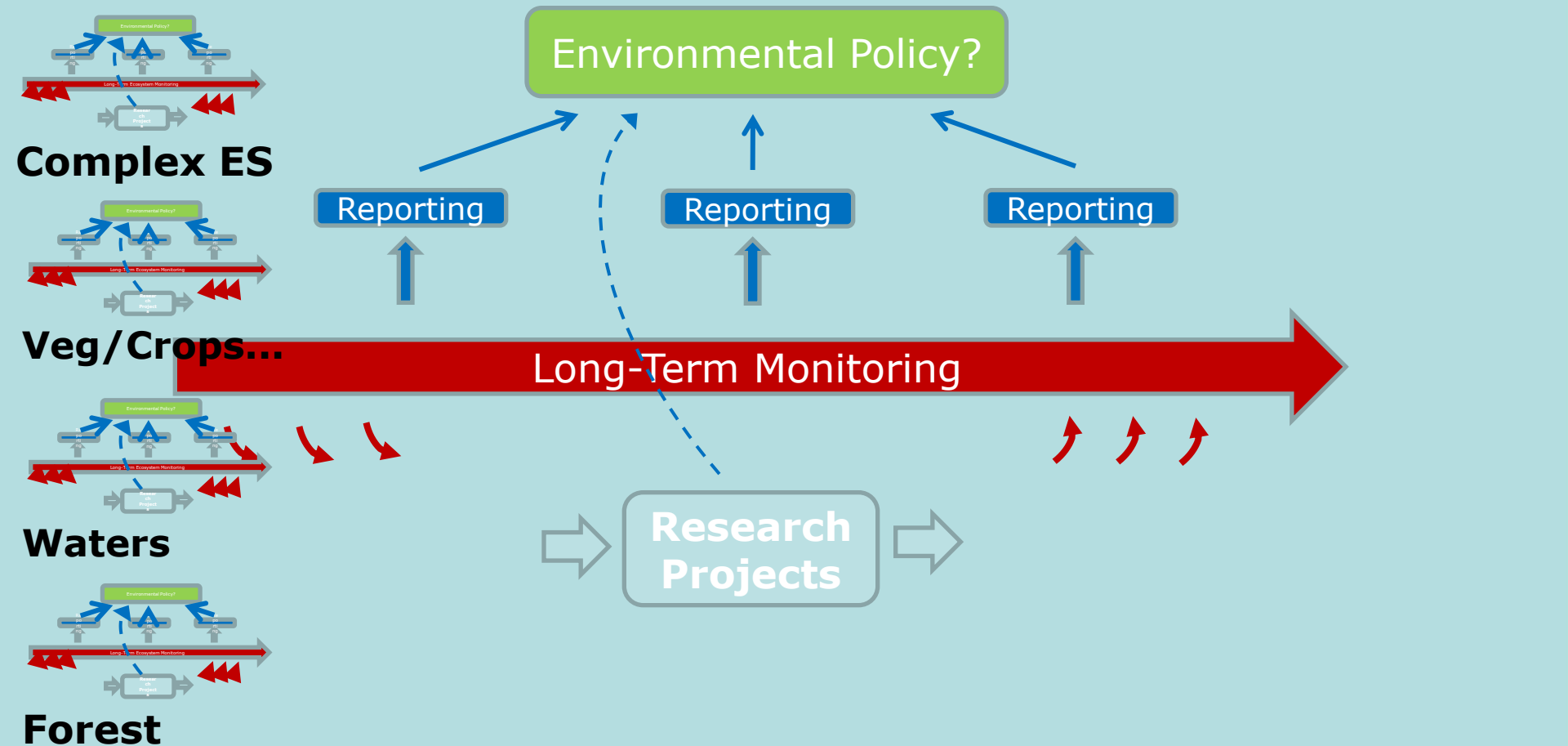
Hydrology,
e.g. NOAH

Atmosphere,
e.g. ICOS

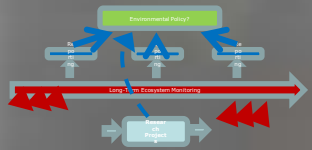
Iterative scientific workflow and the continuous improvement of monitoring



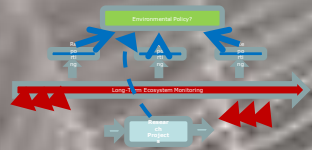
Distributed teams across ecosystem types



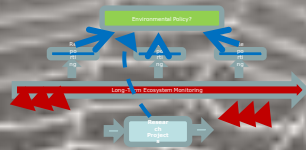
Coverage of environmental gradients at the continental scale



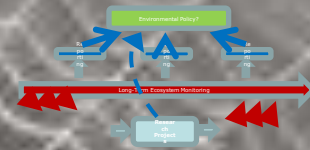
Complex ES



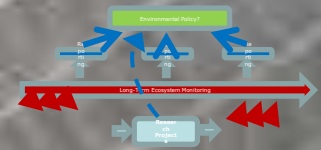
Complex ES



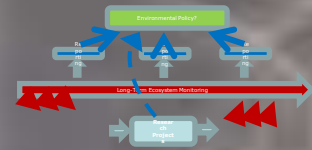
Complex ES



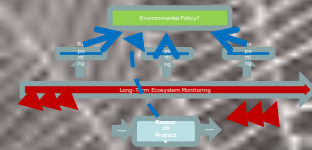
Complex ES



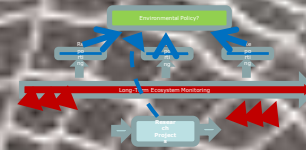
Complex ES



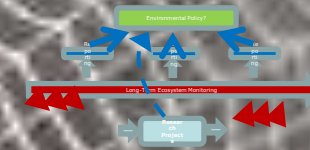
Veg / Crops...



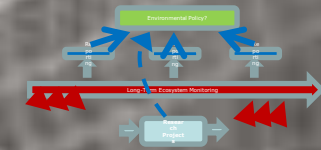
Veg/Crops...



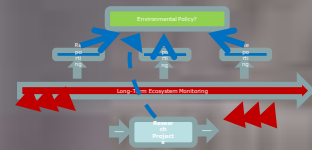
Veg / Crops...



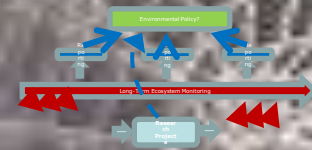
Veg / Crops...



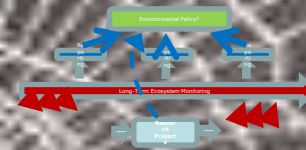
Veg / Crops...



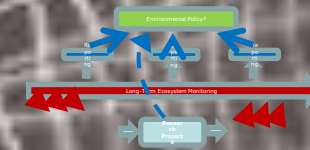
Waters



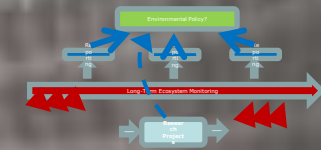
Waters



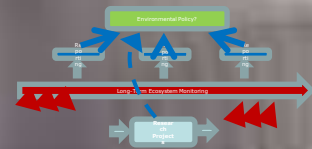
Waters



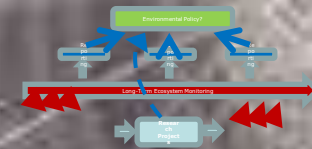
Waters



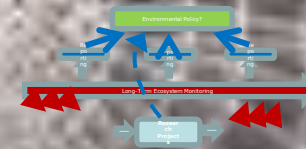
Waters



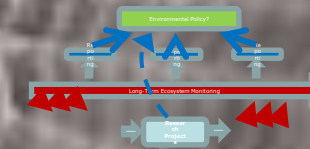
Forest



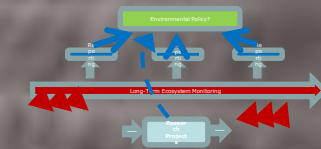
Forest



Forest



Forest



Forest

LTER-Europe strategy towards consistent earth observation at the network level and high level contributions

BOTTOM UP: What is out there?

Site documentation & classification

- site metadata system (DEIMS)
- classification of sites

Data documentation & mapping

- documentation of data sets and data including design and methodologies (EML...)
- semantic annotation/mapping
 - scientific context of data for natural, sociological and economic data
 - SERONTO
 - EnvThes

TOP DOWN: Adapt, construct

Increasing pressure towards standardization and harmonization

- joint development of standard parameters and methods across habitat types and domains
→ **RECOMMENDATIONS**
- multiple use of data and sites (EnvEurope projects, multi-site experiments)
- co-operations at the network level; network integration: EUBON, ALTER-Net, Copernicus, UNECE ICPs, ESFRI RIs, ENVRI+

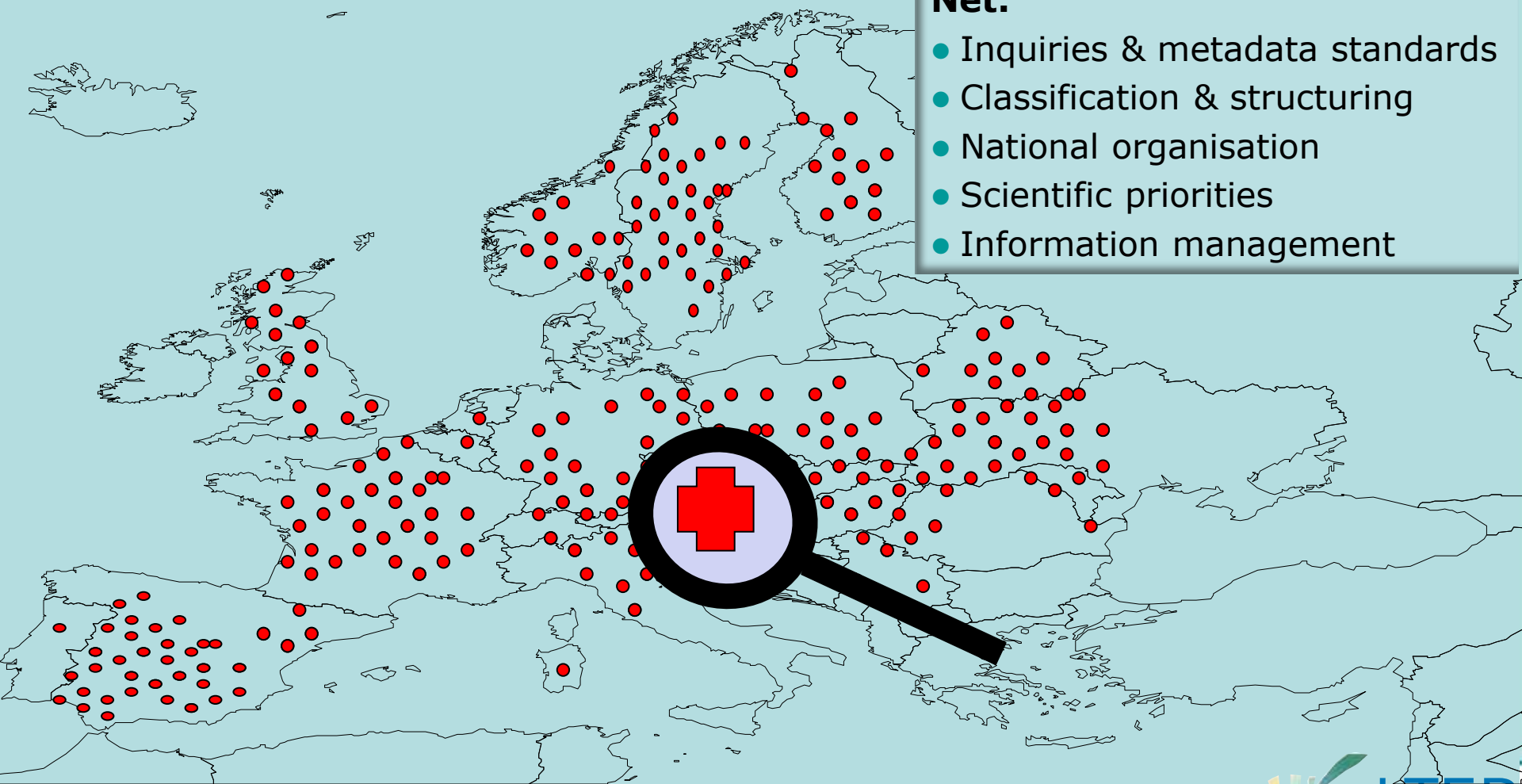
Infrastructure development

- eLTER ESFRI
- nationally

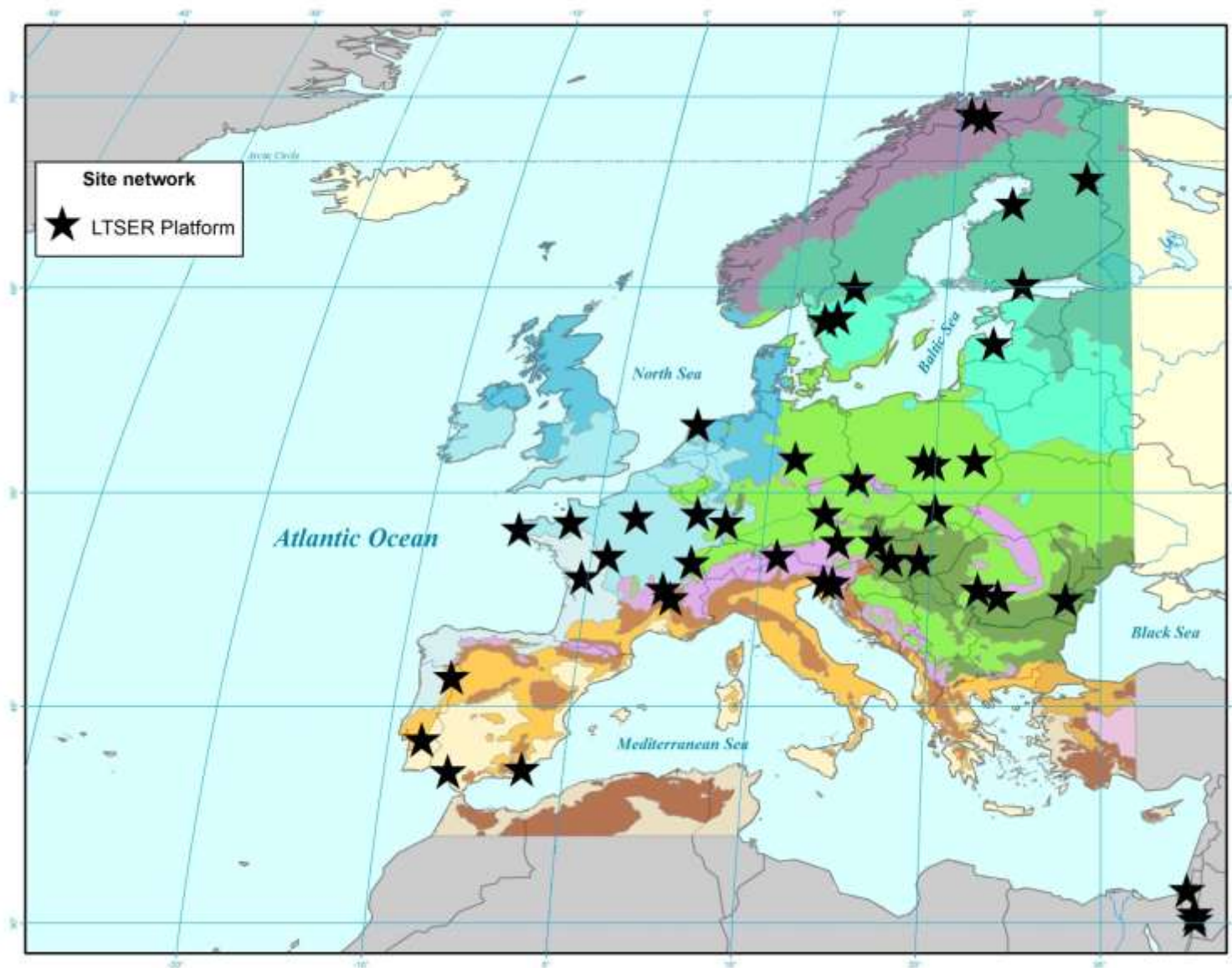
Starting point: > 1500 fragmented, heterogeneous sites

Network of Excellence ALTER-Net:

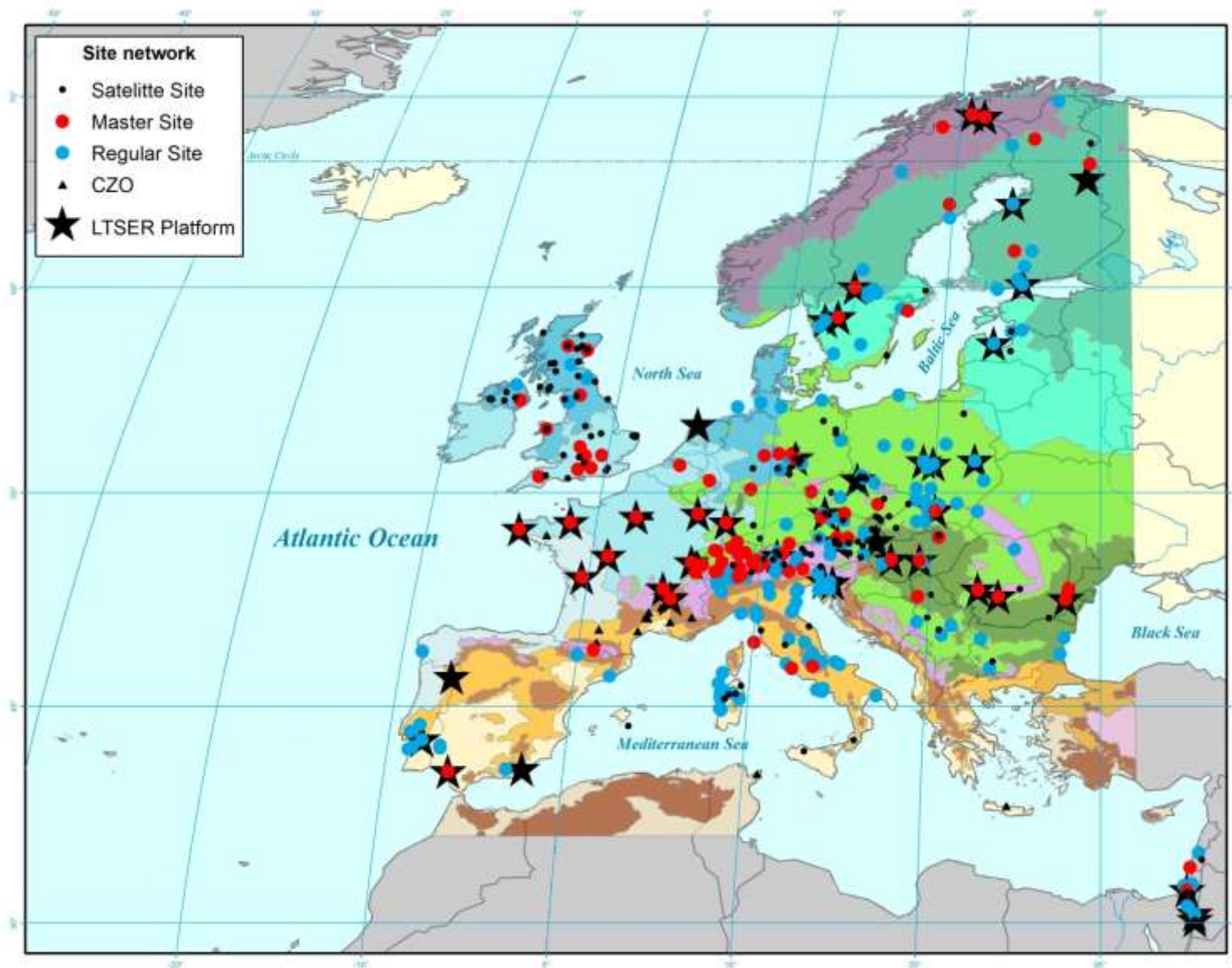
- Inquiries & metadata standards
- Classification & structuring
- National organisation
- Scientific priorities
- Information management



Pool of LTER facilities to recruit the eLTER ESFRI RI



Pool of LTER facilities to recruit the eLTER ESFRI RI



AVAILABLE RESOURCES

RESEARCH SITE

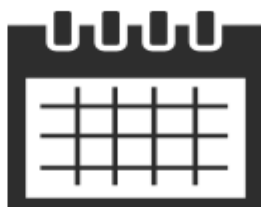


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PERSON



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Intended and increasingly used as European and global sites documentation

Full documentation

- ILTER
- ExpeER
- LTER-Europe

Sites lists

- ICP IM
- INCREAS
- ICOS/ecosys
- ...



Representativity check: LTER Socio-Ecological Regions (LTER-SER)

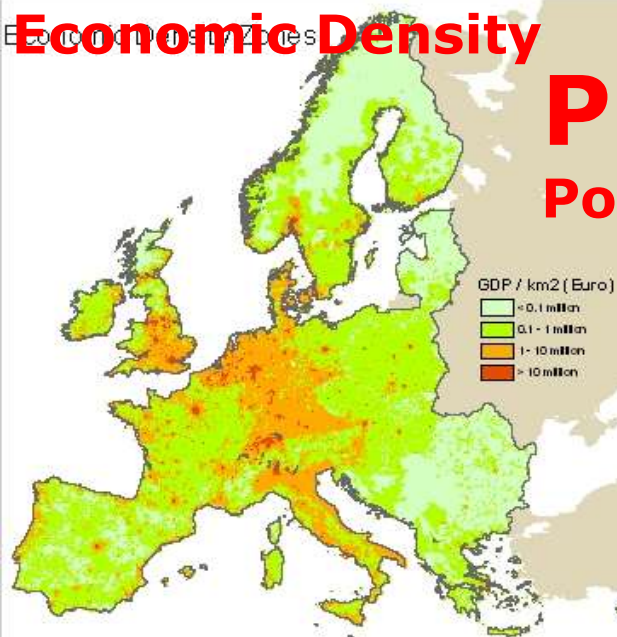
Environmental Zones

12



PLUS

Economic Density

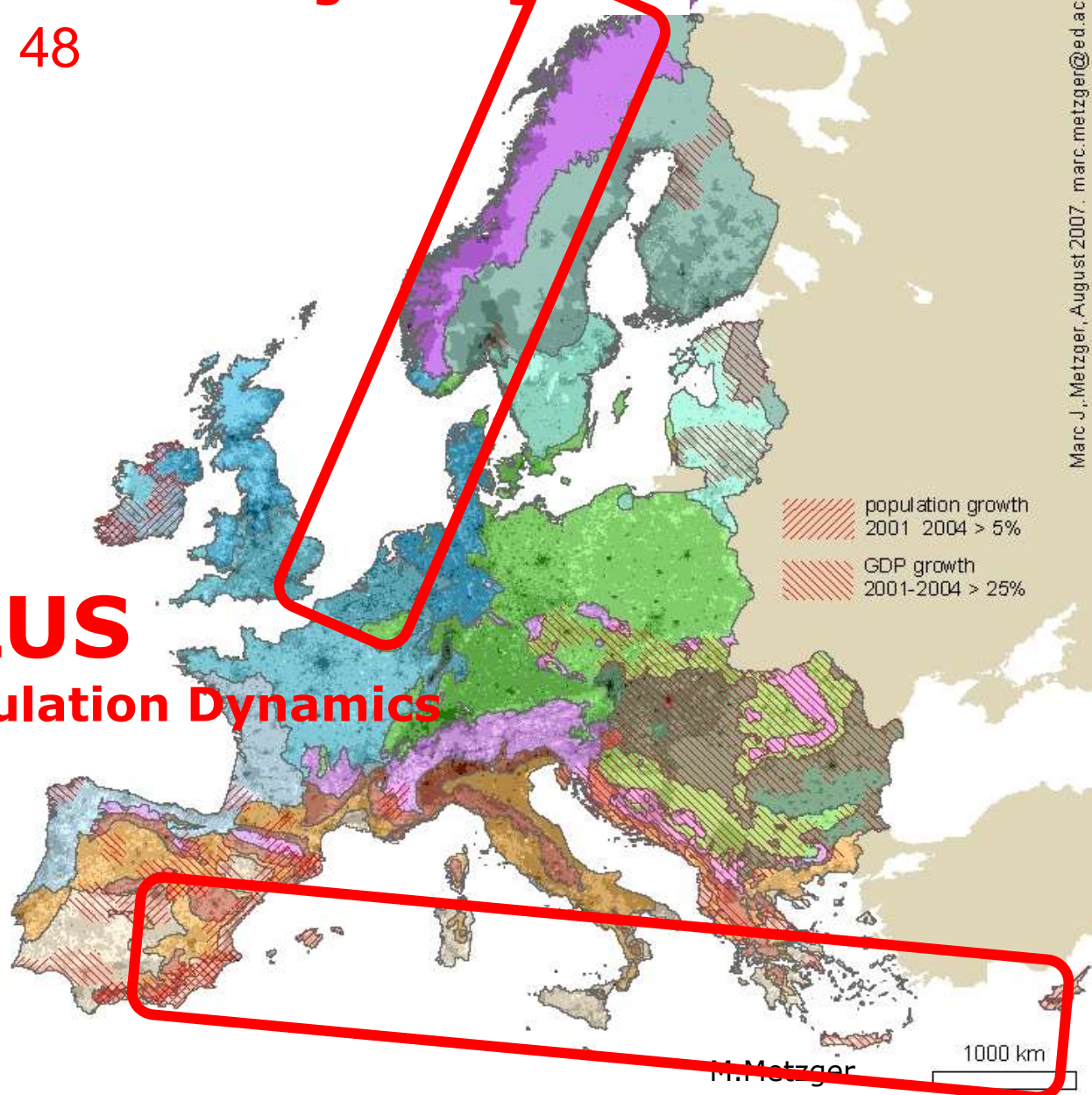


PLUS

Population Dynamics

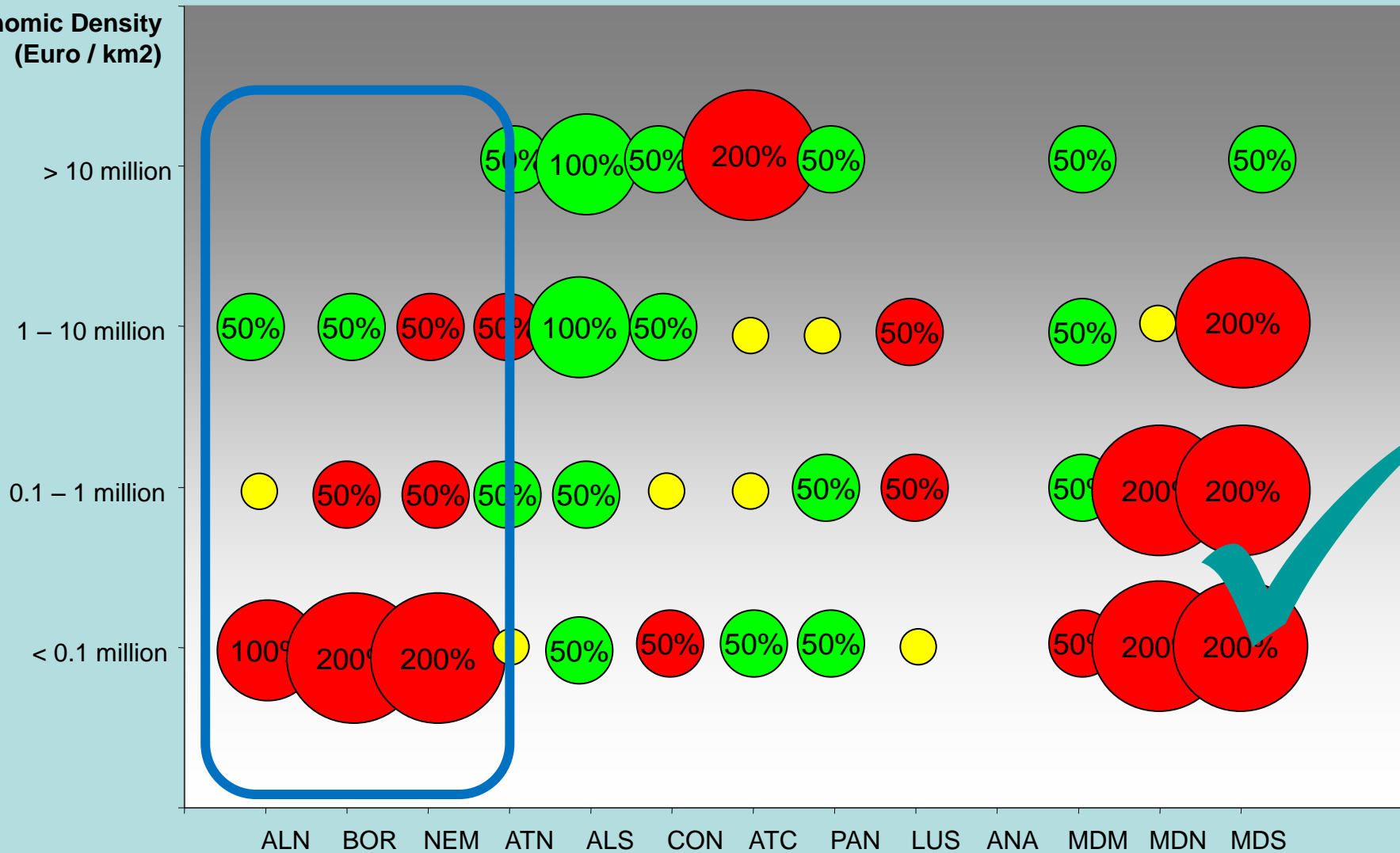
Socio-ecological regions

48



Representation based on coverage of strata

Economic Density
(Euro / km²)

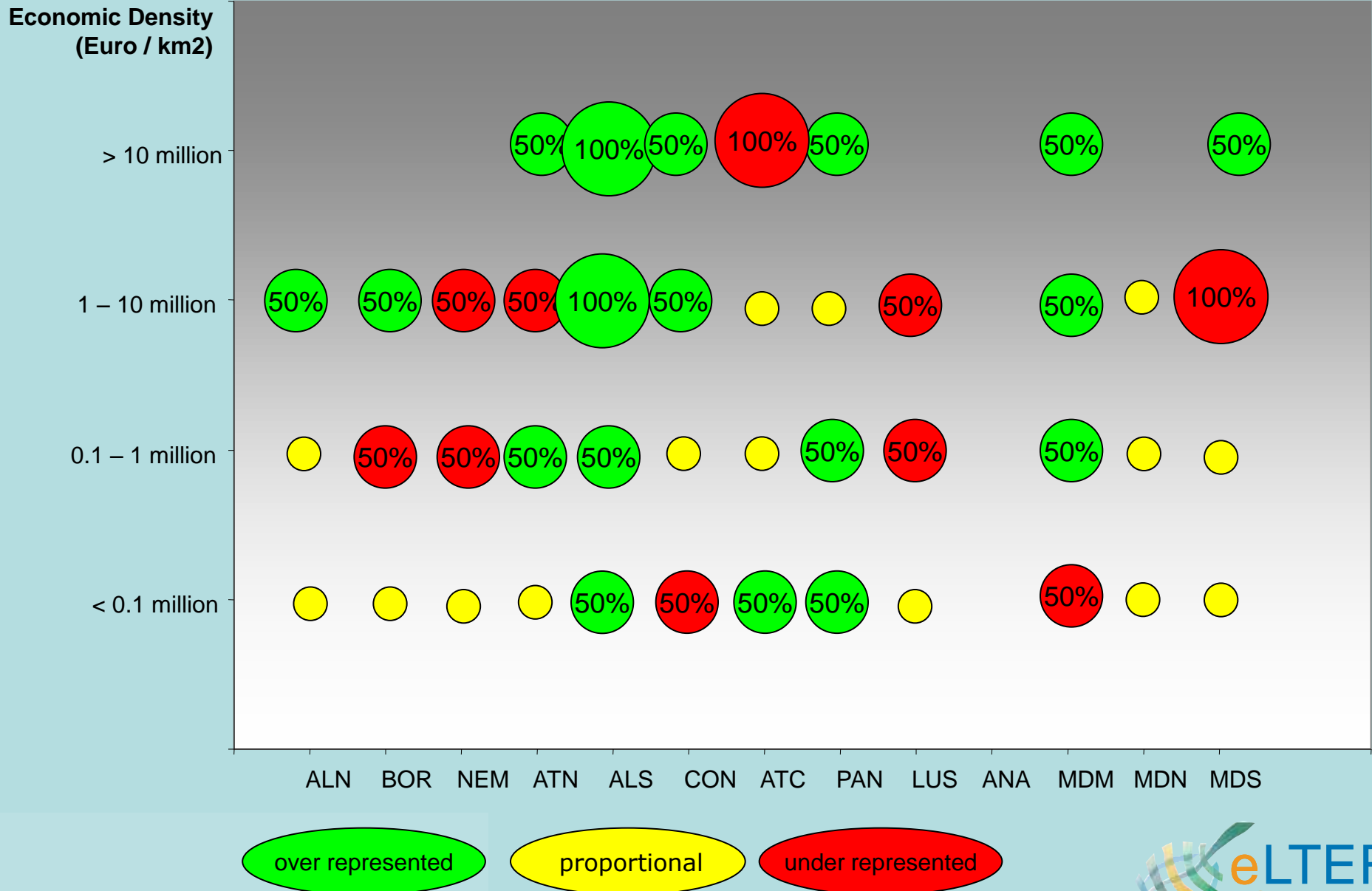


over represented

proportional

under represented

Representation based on coverage of strata



Towards standard parameters						
Indicandum				LTER ecosystem type		
				terrestrial ecosystems	freshwater ecosystems	marine ecosystems
ecosystem structures	biotic diversity		flora diversity	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			fauna diversity	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			habitat structure	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			additional variables	Indicator	indicator	indicator
	abiotic heterogeneity		soil heterogeneity	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			water heterogeneity	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			air heterogeneity	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			habitat heterogeneity	Indicator	indicator	indicator
			additional variables	Indicator	indicator	indicator
ecosystem process	energy budget	input	exergy capture	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		storage	exergy storage	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		output	entropy production	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		Addit. state variables	meteorology	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		efficiency measures	metabolic efficiency	Indicator	indicator	indicator
	matter budget	input	matter input	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		storage	matter storage	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		output	matter loss	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		Addit. state variables	element concentrations	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		efficiency measures	nutrient cycling	Indicator	indicator	indicator
	water budget	input	water input	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		Storage	water storage	Indicator	indicator	indicator
		Output	water output	Indicator	indicator	indicator

Lower level indicators – an example

		Ecological integrity indicators	Examples	More detailed indicators for terrestrial systems
ecosystem structures	biotic diversity	flora diversity		species numbers / abundance / identity , functional groups, coverage, dominance, traits
		fauna diversity		species numbers / abundance / identity , functional groups, taxonomic groups, dominance, traits
		habitat diversity	habitat structure	layers , fragmentation, coverage, number / proportion of habitat types
		additional variables		phenology, deadwood, alien species, protected / threatened species
	abiotic heterogeneity	soil heterogeneity		soil types, soil characteristics (depth, texture,...)
		water heterogeneity		ground water (availability, level), chemistry
		air heterogeneity		meteorology, air quality (heterogeneity in time)
		habitat heterogeneity		habitat types , site quality-aspects, landscape measures (connectivity, fragmentation), successional stage, disturbances
		additional variables		management (land use intensity), land use change

I. Selection of Ecosystems and Ecological Integrity components

II. Selection of table columns

III. Search for terms and phrases

Show rows on each page

Submit query

Table size

page of 61 > >|



Ecosystem ▾

Structures and Processes ▾

Diversity and Budget ▾

Basic Indicators ▾

Definition ▾

Parameter ▾

Terrestrial

Ecosystem Structures

Biotic Diversity

Flora Diversity

The presence and absence of selected species, (functional) groups of species, biotic habitat components or species composition.

tracheophyta - species list

Towards eLTER ESFRI: Interoperability checklist

→ *Widely used interoperability checklist (COOPEUS/FP7, NEON, US-LTER...)*

Aligning Science Questions and Hypotheses → concrete Requirements

- Define interfaces among respective Infrastructures
- Defining Joint Science Scope
- Mapping Questions to 'what must be done concretely'

[CCI 2, Q 2.3]

Traceability of Measurements

- Use of Recognized Standards
- Traceability to Recognized Standards, or First Principles
- Known and managed signal: noise
- Managing QA/QC
- Uncertainty budgets

[Q 2.4]

Algorithms/Procedures

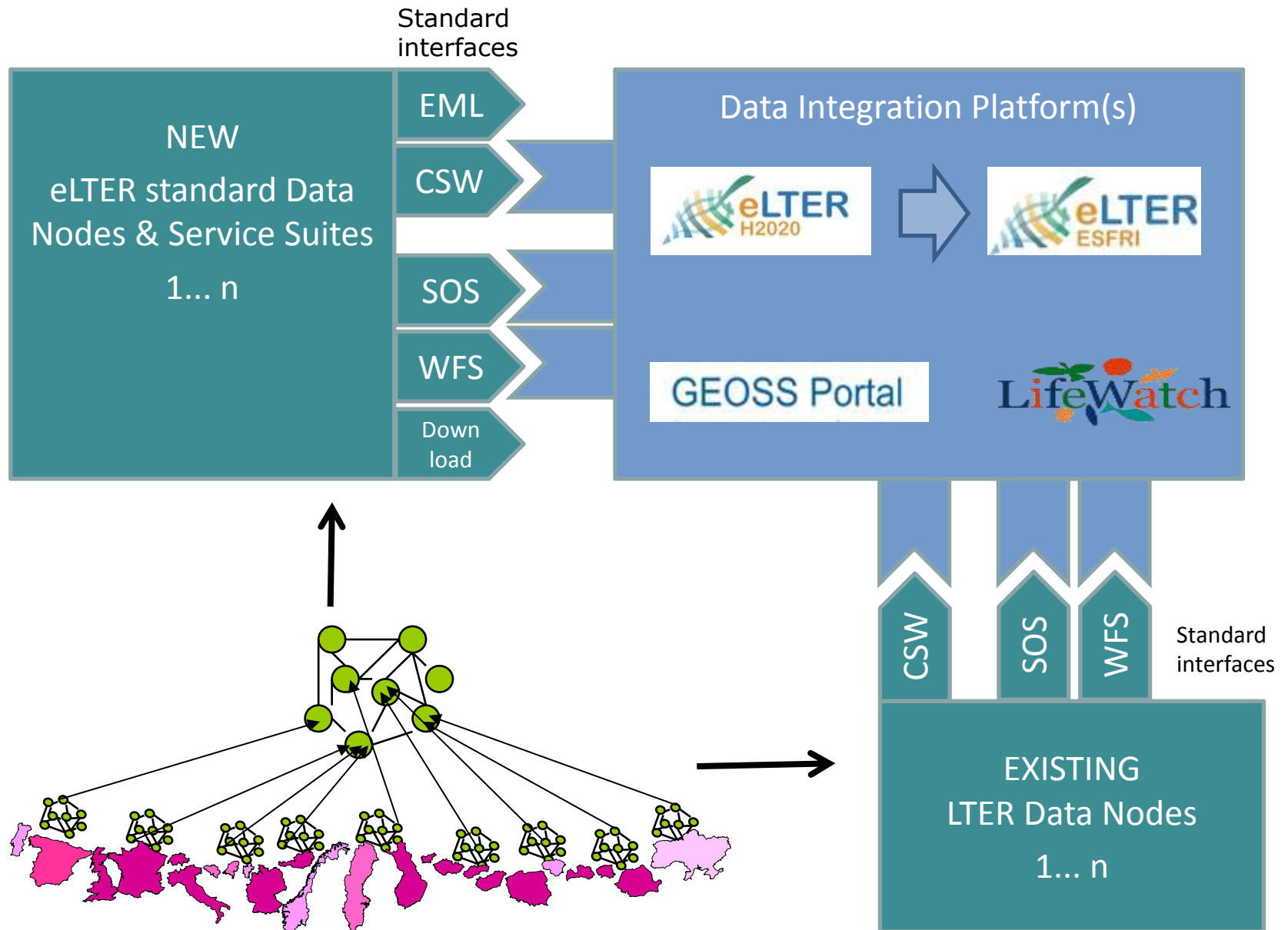
- What is the algorithm or procedural process to create a data product?
- Provides "consistent and compatible" data
- Managed through intercomparisons
- What are their relative uncertainties?

Informatics

- Standards – Data / Metadata formats
- Persistent Identifiers / Open-source
- Discovery tools / Portals
- Ontologies, semantics and controlled vocabularies

[CCI 5]

„HOMEWORK”: Intrinsic eLTER data management tasks towards data integration and interoperability

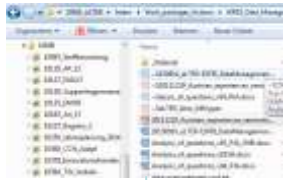


DATA NODE 1..n

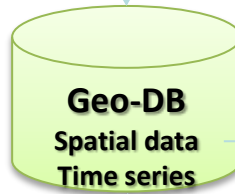
Metadata editor



Internal data repos.



XSLT → GeoNetwork Opensource



Data import (opt).



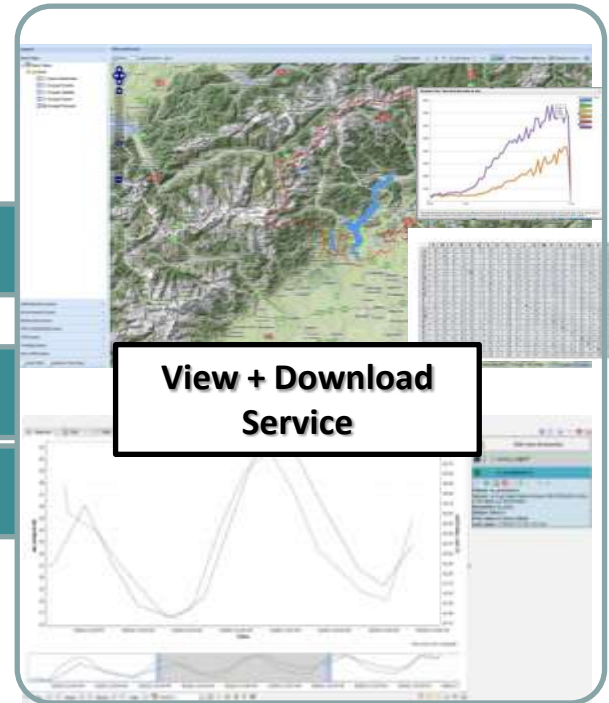
EML

CSW

SOS

WFS...

Down
load



DATA INTEGRATION PORTAL



Other external
data repositories

CSW

SOS

WFS

Implemented standard services

Metadata - OGC CSW (ISO19115/19139)

EML

Time series – OGC SOS

Spatial data – OGC WFS/WMS/WCS

Thesaurus – W3C SKOS/RDF



EXISTING DATA NODE 1..n



ALTER-Net



International
Long Term
Ecological
Research



Contributing



Powerful user community
Metadata & Services
Standardization

Thesauri, IT
Integration, TA

Data management
Sites & data

Europ. network
Standards, coordination

Sites metadata & data

Biodiv metadata

Reference model, GC...

Service specification
& service uptake

Semantics

Metadata

Site metadata
Reference model

ALTER-Net



International
Long Term
Ecological
Research



ICOS

INTEGRATED
CARBON
OBSERVATION
SYSTEM

Using - Receiving

Powerful user community
Innovative tools (LD..)
Standards

Tools (Biodiv Port)

RI harmonization
Reference model

Services (B2SHARE)

Services

Thesauri

Data

Globalization

Ecosystem Research Sites
Documentation & integration

Use of services

Tools (GEO-DAB)
Networking
data


Cooperations of LTER in Europe, the global ILTER and EUDAT

As contributions to global activities

- Manual for in-situ biodiversity monitoring
- Advancing GEOBON: The GSEO concept (Global System of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Observatories)
 - First draft by ex-chair of ILTER (T.W. Parr)
 - In principle accepted at the last GEOBON meeting

Cooperations of LTER in Europe, the global ILTER and EUDAT

- Inter-/transdisciplinary: yes
- Networked: yes, s. previous slides
- Benefits from ENEON
 - yes
 - lobbying for common requirements
 - platform for joint service development and exchange on existing standards
 - another path for supporting multiple data usage
- How to organize ENEON?
 - key question: if a 4 years project achievable targets should be identified (many of the relevant networks are much more long-term or „permanent“)
 - Transdisciplinary reference services
 - Ontologies: → SERONTO



**If you want to go fast go
alone,
if you want to go far go
together.**

An old African proverb